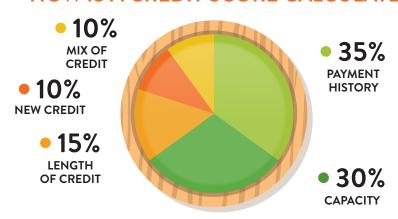
# Breakdown of a CREDIT SCORE

# MONEY THING®

# **HOW IS A CREDIT SCORE CALCULATED?**



PAYMENT HISTORY

Making payments on time boosts your score

The less you use of your total available credit each month, the better

LENGTH OF CREDIT

A longer history of good credit habits raises your score

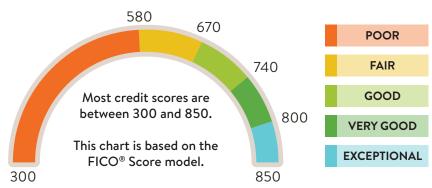
Opening lots of new credit cards in a short amount of time can hurt this part of your score

MIX OF CREDIT

A mix of revolving credit (credit cards) and installment loans (mortgages, car loans) boosts your score

# WHAT DOES YOUR CREDIT SCORE MEAN?

Actual scores may be interpreted differently, depending on the financial institution.



<580

A low score means you could be denied a loan or credit card.

580-740

You may not get turned down for a loan, but you will likely be charged a higher interest rate. 740+

You're in good shape. This is where you want your credit score to be.

### **A CREDIT SCORE**

is a number used by financial institutions and credit card companies to determine risk level when issuing you a loan or a credit card.

## STAY ON TRACK

You are entitled to one free credit report per year from each of the major credit bureaus. Your FICO Score is not shown on the report.

→ annualcreditreport.com



Space out your credit report requests so that can check on your credit throughout the year.

#### Curious about your score?

You can get a free estimate through creditkarma.com (but know that it's not your actual credit score—it'll be close, but not exact).

Need access to the real deal? Credit bureaus usually charge a fee (\$15 to \$25) for your FICO Score.

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